

ANNUAL REPORT EXCERPT

Ten Leading Sites of New Cancer Deaths by Gender, 2018

New Jersey Women, 2018

Rank	Cancer Site	Rate [^]	Count
	All Sites	125.6	8,035
1	Lung and Bronchus	26.5	1,710
2	Breast	20.7	1,290
3	Colon and Rectum	10.6	705
4	Pancreas	10.5	676
5	Corpus and Uterus, NOS	6.0	387
6	Ovary	5.9	378
7	Leukemia	4.0	250
8	Liver & Intrahepatic Bile Duct (IBD)	3.8	246
9	Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma (NHL)	3.5	235
10	Brain and Other Nervous System (ONS)	3.4	204

New Jersey Men, 2018

Rank	Cancer Site	Rate [^]	Count
	All Sites	164.6	7,976
1	Lung and Bronchus	36.5	1,778
2	Prostate	16.9	776
3	Colon and Rectum	15.7	765
4	Pancreas	12.6	623
5	Liver & Intrahepatic Bile Duct (IBD)	9.2	474
6	Leukemia	7.5	349
7	Urinary Bladder	7.5	345
8	Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma (NHL)	6.7	317
9	Esophagus	5.7	293
10	Brain and Other Nervous System (ONS)	5.1	250

Source: Underlying mortality data provided by NJCHS (<https://www.nj.gov/health/chs/>). [^]Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 US population standard.

- ◆ A total of 16,011 deaths occurred among New Jersey residents in 2018 for which cancer was designated on the death certificate as the underlying cause. Overall cancer mortality rates were slightly lower for women and men compared to 2017.
- ◆ The leading cause of cancer death among New Jersey women in 2018 was lung and bronchus cancer, followed by breast and colorectal cancers. The ten most common types of cancer deaths among NJ women in 2018 were similar to those in 2017, except that corpus and uterus, NOS cancer moved up to the 5th leading cause of cancer death and ovarian cancer moved down from 5th to 6th. NHL moved down from 8th to 9th, and liver and IBD cancer moved up to 8th.
- ◆ The leading cause of cancer death among New Jersey men in 2018 was lung and bronchus cancer, followed by prostate and colorectal cancers. The ten most common types of cancer deaths among NJ men in 2018 were similar to those in 2017, except that leukemia moved down from 5th to 6th, and liver and IBD cancer moved up from 6th to 5th.